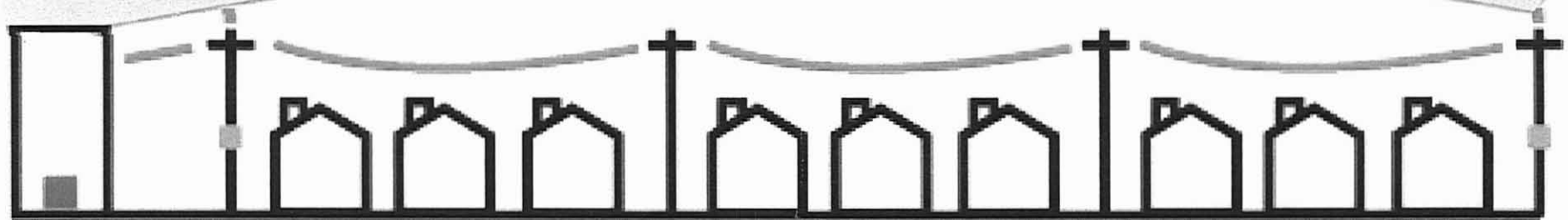
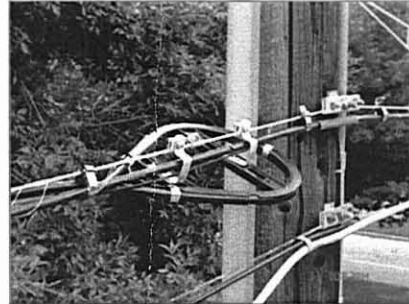
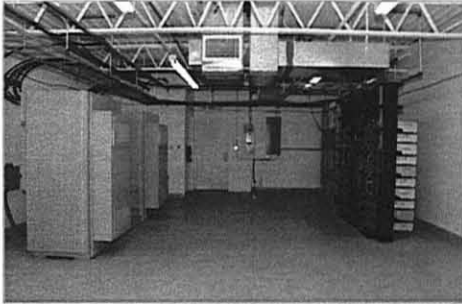


Outdoor Distributed Network Topology



■ Hub Facility

- Carrier Base Station Equipment
- RF Signal Conditioners & Combiners + RF/Optical Converters
- Digital Base Band Units
- Back-up Power Supplies

- Fiber Network

- High Count Single Mode Fiber Optic Cabling
- Embedded Backhaul Capacity

■ Node Sites

- Antenna: Multiband
- Node Equipment: RF/Optical Converters + Radio Amplifiers or Remote Radio Units
- Optional Battery Backup

Benefits of Distributed Networks to Broadband and Wireless Deployment

Coverage

- An architecture that provides coverage in areas that cannot be effectively addressed with traditional "macro" cell sites

Capacity

- Better management of available radio resources given the ability to closely align capacity to actual market requirements

Spectrum

- **More efficient use of available frequency spectrum by having an increased number of low power transmission points**

Interference

- **Reductions in interference given lower radiation centers and lower output power, enabling greater data transmission rates**

Backhaul

- Better utilization of transmission infrastructure due to aggregation from central hub location

Scalability

- A network that can be scaled to meet future capacity requirements by adding carrier base station equipment at Hub Site

Adaptability

- A network architecture which provides the ability to quickly respond to market dynamics, changes in equipment architecture and new technologies



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